REMARKS

The present application includes pending claims 1-41, all of which have been rejected. Claims 1 and 26 have been amended.

Claims 1-24 and 26-41 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by United States Patent No. 7,065,778 ("Lu"). Claim 25 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lu in view of United States Patent No. 6,477,708 ("Sawa"). The Applicants respectfully traverse these rejections for at least the reasons previously discussed during prosecution and the following.

I. Lu Does Not Anticipate Claims 1-11

Lu "relates to the field of utilizing personalized video recorders and other similar types of devices to distribute television programming." *See* Lu at column 1, lines 7-11. In particular, Lu discloses a system in which a user is able to record a show that is transmitted in another broadcast area. *See id.* at Abstract.

For example, Lu describes the following:

Specifically, personalized video recorder 200 is coupled to the Internet 302 such that it can receive an electronic programming guide (EPG) containing worldwide television programming from an EPG server computer 304. The user of personalized video recorder 200 utilizes the EPG to request delivery of a specific television show that may not be available to him or her. Upon reception of the request from personalized video recorder 200, EPG server computer 304 locates via Internet 302 one or more personalized video recorders... situated within a broadcast region of the requested television show. Subsequently, EPG server computer 304 programs one or more personalized video recorders... to record the requested television show when it is broadcast by a television content provider.... personalized video recorders... record the television show, one or more of the personalized video recorders may transmit it to EPG server computer 304 which then transmits it to the requested

personalized video recorder 200. In this manner, the present embodiment enables personalized video recorder 200 to order and receive specific television shows that are unavailable from its television content provider....

Lu at column 6, lines 39-61. Thus, Lu discloses a system in which a user sends a recording request that is received by a server computer via the Internet. The server computer then arbitrarily locates a recorder within the broadcast region of the show, and then sends the recorded show back to the requesting user.

A. A User Interface At The First Location Supporting The Selection And Scheduling Of Media Delivery To A Second Location

Lu does not describe, teach, or suggest a "user interface, at the first location, supporting the selection and scheduling of media delivery to a second location," as recited in claim 1. The Office Action cites Lu at column 6, lines 43-45 and 50-58 as disclosing these limitations. See August 29, 2007 Office Action at page 4. These portions of Lu recite, however, the following:

The user of personalized video recorder 200 utilizes the EPG [electronic programming guide] to request delivery of a specific television show that may not be available to him or her.

* * *

Subsequently, EPG server computer 304 programs one or more personalized video recorders (e.g., 200A and/or 200B) to record the requested television show when it is broadcast by a television content provider (e.g., television head-end 308). Once the personalized video recorders (e.g., 200A and 200 B) record the television show, one or more of the personalized video recorders may transmit it to EPG server computer 304 which then transmits it to the requesting personalized video recorder 200.

Lu at column 6, lines 43-58. Thus, in Lu, the user requests delivery for a television show at his/her location through the EPG. The EPG then arbitrarily locates a PVR in another area to record the show. After the show is recorded, the show is delivered to the user at his/her location

via the EPG server. In Lu, selection and delivery of the show occurs at a single location.

That is, the user selects the show from his/her location, and the show is eventually delivered to

that same location. Lu does not describe, teach or suggest a system in which a user at a first

location selects a show that is delivered to a completely different location. Neither the cited

passages, nor the remainder, of Lu does describe, teach or suggest a "user interface, at the first

location, supporting the selection and scheduling of media delivery to a second location," as

recited in claim 1. Thus, for at least this reason, the Applicants respectfully submit that Lu does

not anticipate claims 1-11.

The Office Action responds to the Applicants as follows:

[T]he claim requires "user interface supporting the selection and scheduling of media delivery to a second location", and it is clearly noted that PVR 200A is the first location, and the retrieved

media is received at the second location (PVR 200)..

See August 29, 2007 Office Action at pages 2-3. The Applicants have amended claim 1 to

clarify that that the user interface is at the first location. As such, selection occurs at the first

location, but the content is delivered to a second location.

Claim 1 recites a "user interface at the first location supporting the selection and

scheduling of media delivery to a second location." In Lu, however, the user selects media

from his/her home, and the media is then eventually delivered to that home. Thus, the selection

and delivery of the media occurs at a single location.

As noted above, the Office Action cites Lu at column 6, lines 43-45 as disclosing the

relevant claim limitations. This portion of Lu recites, however, the following:

The user of personalized video recorder 200 utilizes the EPG to

request delivery of a specific television show that may not be

available to him or her.

Clearly, the user is not traveling from his/her home to the location of the EPG to request

delivery. Instead, the user requests delivery from his/her home. That request is then sent to the

EPG, which then arbitrarily locates a PVR in the broadcast area of the show. The recorded show

is then sent back to the user at his/her home. Again, the request/selection of a television show is

performed at the user's home (i.e., a first location). The show is then delivered to the user's

home (i.e., the first location). Lu does not describe, teach or suggest, however, a "user interface

at the first location supporting the selection and scheduling of media delivery to a second

location,"

There is nothing in Lu, particularly the cited portions relied on in the Office Action, that

describes such a system. Thus, for at least these reasons, the Applicants respectfully submit that

Lu does not anticipate claims 1-11.

B. Receiving A Request Identifying One Of The First And Second Associated

Network Addresses, And Responding By Identifying The Other Of The

Associated First And Second Network Addresses

Claim 1 also recites, in part, "server software that maintains a user defined association of

the first and second network addresses, that receives a request identifying one of the first and

second associated network addresses, and that responds by identifying the other of the associated

first and second network addresses to support delivery" Lu does not describe, teach, or

suggest such limitations. Instead, Lu merely discloses that a user of a PVR requests delivery of a

specific television show, at which point a server computer arbitrarily locates another PVR in a

particular broadcast area to record the show for the requesting PVR.

The Office Action cites Lu at column 6, lines 54-58 as disclosing "server software that maintains a user defined association of the first and second network addresses." *See* August 29, 2007 Office Action at pages 2 and 5. This cited portion of Lu states, however, the following:

Once the personalized video recorders (e.g., 200A and 200B) record the television show, one or more of the personalized video recorders may transmit it to EPG server computer 304 which then transmits it to the requesting personalized video recorder 200.

Lu at column 6, lines 54-58. This portion of Lu merely indicates that a recorder requests a show, and then the EPG arbitrarily finds another recorder in a broadcast area to record the show for the requesting recorder. This portion of Lu does not indicate that a user defines an association between first and second network addresses, or that a server maintains that user defined association. In general, there is nothing in this cited portion, nor the remainder, of Lu that describes, teaches or suggests "server software that maintains a user defined association of the first and second network addresses," as recited in claim 1. Thus, for at least these reasons, the Office Action has not established a *prima facie* case of anticipation with respect to claims 1-11. Indeed, these claims are allowable over the cited art.

Additionally, the Office Action cites Lu at column 6, lines 45-50 as disclosing "respond[ing to a request that identifies one of the associated first and second network addresses] by identifying the other of the associated first and second network addresses" *See* August 29, 2007 Office Action at page 5, May 29, 2007 Office Action at page 5 and February 20, 2007 Office Action at page 6. This cited portion of Lu recites, however, the following:

Upon reception of the request from personalized video recorder 200, EPG server computer locates via Internet 302 one or more personalized video recorders (e.g., 200A and/or 200B) situated within a broadcast region of the requested television show.

See Lu at column 6, lines 45-50 (emphasis added). The "request" mentioned in this passage is a

"request [for] delivery of a specific television show that may not be available to him or her." See

id. at column 6, lines 43-45. In response to the request for delivery, Lu discloses that the EPG

server "locates one or more personalized video recorders situated within a broadcast region of

the requested television show." Location of a recorder within a particular broadcast region in

response to a request for delivery of a particular television show is not a response to a request

that identifies one of the associated first and second network addresses that "identifies] the other

of the associated first and second network addresses to support delivery," as recited in claim 1.

The Applicants respectfully submit that Lu does not describe, teach or suggest "server

software that maintains a user defined association of the first and second network addresses,

that receives a request identifying one of the first and second associated network addresses, and

that responds by identifying the other of the associated first and second network addresses

to support delivery," as recited in claim 1. Thus, for at least these reasons, Lu does not anticipate

claims 1-11.

II. Lu Does Not Anticipate Claims 12-20

The Applicants now turn to claim 12, which recites, in part, "a user interface, at the first

location, having at least one view comprising a representation of media available for

consumption, the user interface supporting the selection and scheduling of media for delivery at

a second location." The Applicants respectfully submit that the Office Action has not

established a prima facie case of anticipation with respect to claims 12-20, nor does Lu does

anticipate claims 12-20, for at least the reasons discussed above in Section I.A.

Additionally, claim 19 recites, in part, "wherein the at least one multimedia display

comprises: at least one sensor for detecting a condition, at the first home; and the detection of

the condition resulting in a change in the media displayed." The Office Action cites column 6,

lines 8-17 of Lu as disclosing this limitation. See August 29, 2007 Office Action at page 11.

However, this portion of Lu states the following:

Additionally, the personalized video recorder 200 of FIG. 2 can include an optional remote control device 216 (e.g., a universal remote control device having a number of buttons, dials, etc.) which is communicatively coupled to bus 210 for communicating user input information and command selections to the central processor(s) 202. It is appreciated that remote control device 216 may be implemented with the capability to communicate with personalized video recorder 200 utilizing wireless communication (e.g., infrared signaling).

Lu at column 6, lines 8-17. This portion of Lu merely discloses a remote control that may be

used with the PVR. Remote controls transmit signals to a device to operate the device, etc. Lu

does not disclose that the remote control itself receives any signals or "detects" anything. In

short, nothing in this passage describes, teaches or suggests "at least one sensor for detecting a

condition, at the first home; and the detection of the condition resulting in a change in the media

displayed," as recited in claim 19. Thus, for at least this additional reason, the Office Action has

not established a *prima facie* case of anticipation with respect to claim 19.

III. Lu Does Not Anticipate Claims 21-24

Claim 21 recites, in part, "scheduling media for delivery from a first location to a

second location based on input from the user at the second location." The Applicants

respectfully submit that the Office Action has not established a prima facie case of anticipation

with respect to claims 21-24, nor does Lu anticipate these claims for at least the reasons

discussed above in Section I.A.

IV. The Proposed Combination Of Lu And Sawa Does Not Render Claim 25

Unpatentable

The Applicants respectfully submit that the proposed combination of Lu and Sawa does

not render claim 25 unpatentable for at least the reasons discussed above in Section III.

V. Claims 26-41 Are In Condition For Allowance

The Applicants respectfully submit that claims 26-41 should be in condition for

allowance over the cited references for at least the reasons discussed above.

VI. Conclusion

In general, the Office Action makes various statements regarding claims 1-41 and the

cited references that are now moot in light of the above. Thus, the Applicants will not address

such statements at the present time. The Applicants expressly reserve the right, however, to

challenge such statements in the future should the need arise (e.g., if such statement should

become relevant by appearing in a future claim rejection).

The Applicants respectfully submit that the Office Action has not established a prima

facie case of anticipation or obviousness with respect to any of the pending claims for at least the

reasons discussed above and request that the outstanding rejections be reconsidered and

withdrawn. If the Examiner has any questions or the Applicants can be of any assistance, the

Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned attorney for Applicants.

Appln. No. 10/675,084 Amendment Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 September 20, 2007

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any necessary fees, or credit any overpayment to the Deposit Account of McAndrews, Held & Malloy, Account No. 13-0017.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: September 20, 2007

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